MEN-F 403

:

Environmental laws and Policies

UNIT – I

Fundamental articles for environment and natural resources, constitutional and legislative provisions: Primary and secondary laws, Fundamental concepts of environmental laws, Introduction to National Law (Constitution and other relevant statutes). Public nuisance, the writ jurisdiction, statutory remedies, public interest litigation, class action, freedom of information and the right to know.

UNIT – II

Air (Prevention and control of pollution) Act 1981, Water (Prevention and control of pollution) Act 1974, as amended in 1988 and rules 1975. Forest Act 1927, Forest conservation Act 1980, Environmental Case studies to be taken up: M.C. Mehta Vs Union of India: Ganga pollution case of Tanneries, AIR-1988 SC 1037 (1987), M.C. Mehta Vs Union of India, Ganga Pollution (Municipalities) AIR 1988 SC 1115 (1988),

UNIT-III

Environmental Protection Act 1986 and Rules 1986, Wildlife (Protection) Act 1972, Public liability insurance Act, 1991, National Environmental Tribunal Act 1995, National Bio-diversity Act 2002. National Green Tribunal(NGT), R.L. and E. Kendra Dehradun Vs State of U.P. (Dehradun quarrying case, AIR 1985 SC 652 and Banwasi Sewa Ashram Vs State of U.P. AIR, 1987, SC 374.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Environmental policies and laws: Introduction to International environmental law (Stockholm to Rio). Convention of International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild fauna and flora (CITES), Convention on biodiversity and convention on climate change, Kyoto protocol, Convention on conservation of Antarctic marine mineral and living resources (1980), The citizens convention on biodiversity (1992), United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) 1992.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

Environmental planning, trends in planning, concepts and approaches and strategic environmental planning and management. International Environmental laws - hazardous wastes-Basal convention – Necessity for International Environmental Court. United Nations Environment Programme [UNEP], Role on international environment laws. Case studies for International environmental disputes.

NOTE: The question paper shall consist of two sections (A & B). Section A shall contain ten short answer type questions of six marks each and student has to attempt any five questions in about 150 words each. Section B shall consist eight long answer type questions of ten marks each and student shall be required to attempt any four questions in detail. Questions shall be uniformly distributed from the entire syllabus. The previous year paper can be used as a guideline and the following syllabus should be strictly followed while setting the question paper.